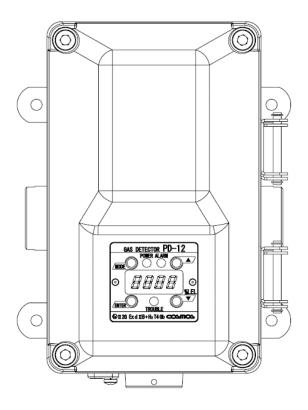
Extractive type Gas Detector

Model PD-12

Instruction Manual



- Keep this instruction manual where it is readily accessible.
- Thoroughly read this instruction manual before using the equipment so it can be used safely and correctly.
- This manual provides information concerning standard specifications. If the specifications
 of your model are nonstandard, refer to the delivery specifications.



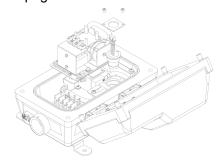
Instruction Manual No. GAE-037-02 May 2013

Nomenclature

See pages 5 to 8.

Replacement of Sensor Unit

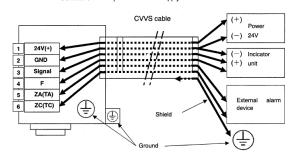
See pages 31 and 32.



Wiring and Connecting Methods

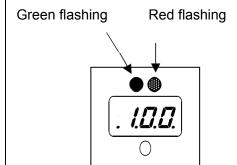
See pages 14 to 16.

Connection Example with Power Supply Side Grounded



Display and Operation in Each Mode

See page 19.



Maintenance Check and Operation Methods

See pages 21 to 34.



Troubleshooting

See pages 35 to 36.



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1. Introduction

- Thank you for purchasing the PD-12 Extractive type Gas Detector.
- In order to ensure the correct and safe operation of this product, be sure to read this manual before use.
- This product detects various types of gas including combustible gas in industrial facilities.
 The product detects gas leakage at an early stage in industrial facilities (e.g., gas production plants and depots, chemical plants, paint factories, and power plants), and outputs the gas concentration value in analog signal form while displaying the gas concentration value.

If the gas concentration reaches a preset alarm level, the red ALARM indicator will flash and turn ON an external contact output, thus helping to prevent disasters such as explosion accidents and fires.

• Following PD-12s are available, according to the gas sensor incorporated.

| Model | Detection Principle |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| PD-12A | Hot-wire Semiconductor sensor |
| PD-12B | Catalytic Combustion sensor |
| PD-12C | Thermal Conductivity sensor |

 Maintenance and inspection are indispensable to the reliable performance of the Gas Detection/Alarm System. Be sure to perform the maintenance checks described in this manual.

Explanation of Symbols

The following symbols are used to indicate and classify precautions in this manual.

| ⚠ DANGER | Indicates information that, if not heeded, is likely to result in death or serious injury. |
|------------------|--|
| ⚠ WARNING | Indicates information that, if not heeded, could possibly result in death or serious injury. |
| ⚠ CAUTION | Indicates information that, if not heeded, could result in minor injury, or damage to the product. |
| МЕМО | Indicates advice on handling the product. |

2. Precautions

- Read this manual completely and be sure you understand the information provided herein before attempting to use the product.
- Abide by all applicable laws and regulations when using this product.

riangle warning

- Do not open when energized.
- Do not open when an explosive atmosphere may be present.
- Do not disassemble the product or modify the construction or electric circuits of the product. Otherwise, the explosion-proof construction of the product may be adversely affected.
- Be sure to ground the product to prevent electric shocks.
- If there is a gas leak alarm, take the necessary measures in accordance with your company's regulations.
- The cable entry device and blanking elements shall be of ATEX certified in type of explosion protection flameproof enclosure "d", suitable for the condition of use and correctly installed.
- Unused apertures shall be closed with suitable ATEX certified blanking elements.
- Fastener type M4 x 16 and M8 x 25 shall have a yield stress factor of min. 450 N/mm2.

riangle CAUTION

- All necessary work for the product including wiring and installation should be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.
- Inspection, maintenance and repair of the equipment should be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.
- Do not install the product in places or near places where silicone sealant or gas is used.
 Otherwise, the performance of the product may be adversely affected.
- Do not use the Detector continuously over a long period of time in an environment that contains organic solvents, such as aromatic hydrocarbons and halogen hydrocarbons.
- Be sure to provide a protective cover (optional) if the product is installed outdoors.
- Use the product in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

Special Condition for Safe Use

 ATEX certified cable glands according to EN 60079-0 and EN 60079-1 must be provided by end user and used.

The requirement of ATEX certified cable gland type is

II 2G Ex d II B+H2 T4 or higher grade (II C or higher temperature class)

3. Contents of Package

- The product is provided with the following items. Make sure that none of these items is missing.
- Although the product is packed and shipped with the utmost care, contact your New Cosmos representative if there should be any damage or missing items.

| Accessories | Optional items |
|--|--|
| Detector head Gas collector PF-N3 (see note 1) Flow checker FC-32 (see note 2) Four M6 screws Two Joints Hexagon wrench (nominal dia. 6, 1pc. see note 3) Instruction Manual (see note 3) MJ-1 Magnetic Stick (see note 3) | Protective cover (see note 4) Auto drain AD-40 (see note 5) |

Note: 1. It is put on the tip of sampling hose in order to drain rain drop / water splash.

Do not use the collector when the sampling is made in ducts, furnaces and closed cabinet.

- 2. Specifications of the Flow checker FC-32 vary according to the requirement. Refer the specification sheets for the details.
- 3. A pair of hexagon wrenches, Instruction Manual and MJ-1 Magnetic Stick are provided for each order.
- 4. It is used when the detector is installed outdoor.
- 5. The Auto drain is designed to automatically discard the accumulated moisture from gas sampling hose from pits / furnaces.

riangle warning

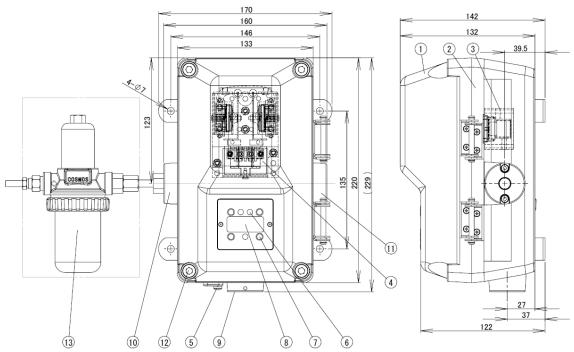
- Do not use the magnetic stick for any purposes other than the operation of this product.
- Keep in mind that when the magnetic stick attracts magnetic objects, tools, iron pieces, etc., your hands may become pinched and injured.
- Do not touch the magnet if you are allergic to metal, otherwise your skin may become chapped or reddened.
- Generally speaking, magnets break easily and the corrosion of the magnet progresses from the fracture location. Fragments of the magnet may also get in your eyes or injure your skin.
- The components of the magnetic stick may melt into water. Do not drink water exposed to the magnetic stick.
- Keep the magnetic stick away from electronic medical devices, such as cardiac pacemakers, or the magnetic stick may obstruct the normal operation of the device.

♠ CAUTION

- Keep the magnetic stick away from magnetic tapes, floppy disks, and prepaid cards. Otherwise, they may become magnetized and the information that they hold may be lost.
- Keep the magnetic stick away from high-precision devices, such as personal computers and watches. Otherwise, they may malfunction.

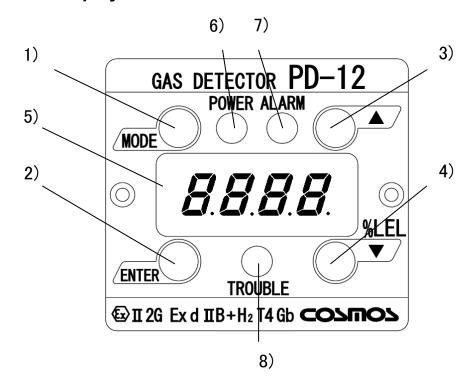
4.External Dimensions and Nomenclature

4-1. Main Unit



| | 0 0 | |
|---|--------------------------|---|
| Number | Name | Description |
| 1 | Casing cover | |
| 2 | Casing | |
| 3 | Sensor unit | Incorporates a gas sensor. |
| 4 | Pump unit | Draws sample gas and exhaust it. |
| 5 | Ground terminal | Used when grounding the frame. |
| 6 | State display indicator | Indicates the power supply state (green), alarm state (red), and trouble state (yellow). |
| 7 | Control block | Insert the magnetic stick to control or set the product. |
| 8 | Display block | Displays the gas concentration and set values. |
| insertion threads:6. Sepa according to EN 60079-0 user and used. The requirement of ATEX II 2G Ex d II B+H2 Tex | | PF3/4orG3/4, pitch=1.81mm, Insertion length:11mm, No. of insertion threads:6. Separate ATEX certified cable glands according to EN 60079-0 and EN 60079-1 must be provided by end user and used. The requirement of ATEX certified cable gland type is II 2G Ex d II B+H2 T4 or higher grade (II C or higher temperature class) |
| 10 | Gas inlet | Inlet for sampled gas. (Size : R/c 1/4) |
| 11 | Gas outlet | Exhaust outlet for sampled gas. (Size : R/c 1/4) |
| 12 | Bolt with hexagon socket | Used for securing the casing cover. Use a hexagon wrench with a nominal diameter of 6 mm. |
| 13 | Flow checker FC-32 | Prevents dust from entering the gas inlet. (Size R/c 1/4) |

4-2. Display and Control Blocks



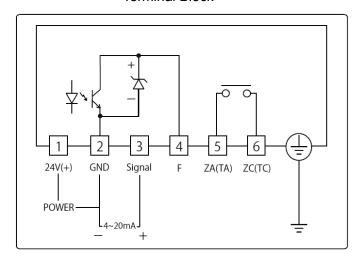
| Magnetic switches (Insert the magnetic stick to operate the magnetic switches.) | | | | |
|---|--------------|--|--|--|
| Number Name Description | | | | |
| 1 MODE switch | | Makes adjustments and settings or cancels the operation of the product. | | |
| 2 | ENTER switch | Enters settings or completes the control of the product. | | |
| 3 | UP switch | Makes adjustments and settings or increases set values and other values. | | |
| 4 | DOWN switch | Decreases set values and other values. | | |

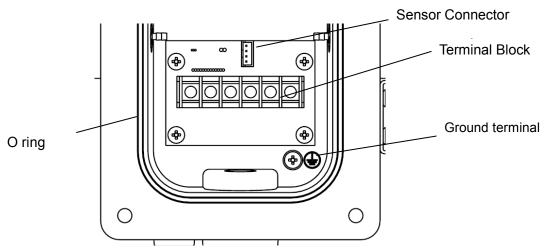
| Number | Name | Description | | |
|--------|---------------|---|--|--|
| 5 | Display block | Displays the concentration of gas and set values. | | |

| State display indicator | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|
| Number Name Description | | | | |
| 6 POWER indicator | | A green lamp to display the power supply state. | | |
| 7 ALARM indicator A red lamp to display the alarm state. | | A red lamp to display the alarm state. | | |
| 8 TROUBLE indicator A yellow | | A yellow lamp to display the trouble state. | | |

4-3. Terminal Block

Terminal Block



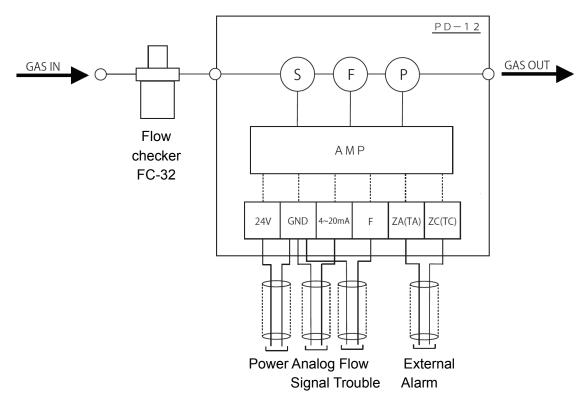


| Number | Name | Description | |
|--------|-----------------|---|--|
| 1 | 24 V (+) | Power supply voltage (positive) | |
| 2 | GND | Power supply voltage and analog signal (negative) common | |
| 3 | Signal | 4- to 20-mA analog signal | |
| 4 | F | Flow trouble output*(Rated load: 30mA at 30 VDC, resistance load) | |
| 5 | ZA (TA) | ZA, ZC :External alarm contact | |
| 6 | ZC (TC) | (TA, TC : External trouble alarm contact) | |
| | Ground terminal | Used to ground the frame. | |

*When flow decreases. (Open collector. Normally ON. When trouble / no power supply OFF). The flow trouble output is optional function.

MEMO Either external gas alarm contact or external trouble alarm contact is equipped on the detector. Refer the specification sheets for the details.

4-4. Flow Diagram



Main components and functions

1) Sensor : Converts gas concentration detected to an electrical signal.

One from the catalytic combustion sensor, Hot-wire semiconductor

Sensor or Thermal conductivity sensor is on the detector.

2) Flow sensor : Give the low flow signal when the flow decreased.

(It's optional function)

3) Pump : Draw the sample gas through sampling pipe from the detection point.

4) AMP : Converts sensor output to an electrical signal. It also provides the

power to the sensor and the other devices composed.

5) Terminal block: Terminal block for external connection

Refer 6. Wiring Method for the details.

5. Installation

5-1. Installation Method

riangle WARNING

- Do not open when energized.
- Do not open when an explosive atmosphere may be present.
- Do not disassemble the product or modify the construction or electric circuits of the product. Otherwise, the explosion-proof construction of the product may be adversely affected.
- The cable entry device and blanking elements shall be of ATEX certified in type of explosion protection flameproof enclosure "d", suitable for the condition of use and correctly installed.
- Unused apertures shall be closed with suitable ATEX certified blanking elements.
- Fastener type M4 x 16 and M8 x 25 shall have a yield stress factor of min. 450 N/mm2.

riangle CAUTION

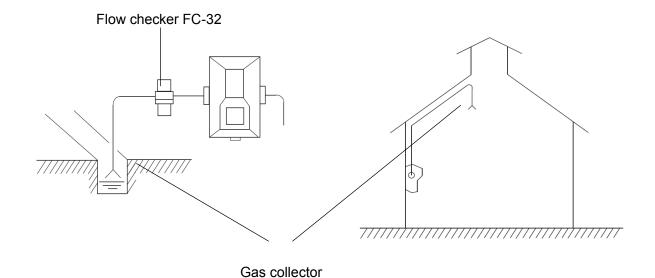
- Be careful not to damage the gas detector when installing it. Otherwise, the explosion-proof performance of the gas detector will be lost.
- Use appropriate piping material considering type of gas to be detected.
- Maximum length of the piping should be less than 20m. Pay attention that the response time of the detector shall be delayed when the length of the piping is longer due to transport time of sampled gas. And the length of the piping should be as short as possible when the type of gas to be detected is highly absorbent gases.
- Do not install the product in the following places.
 - Places where the ambient temperature exceeds the operating temperature range (-10°C to 50°C).
 - Places where condensation occurs, or water is directly sprayed.
 - Places subject to corrosive gas.
 - Places where are in direct sunshine.
 - Places close to equipment that generates high frequencies or a magnetic field.
 - Places where silicone sealant is used or likely to be used.
 - Places where silicone gas is used or likely to be used.
- Do not install the gas detector or tip of sampling pipe where vapor which contains silicone, or the sensor may be adversely affected.
- Install the gas detector in places where it can be maintained and inspected with ease.
- Install the gas detector in places free from vibration.
- Install the gas detector in places free from sudden temperature changes.
- Keep the gas detector free from impacts.
- When installing the gas detector outdoors, be sure to install the protective cover (optional).
- Install Auto drain (option) when the gas sampling is made near the outlet of steam or where likely to suck the water.
- The pressure of gas inlet port should be ± 1kPa and the pressure of outlet port should be less than 1kPa.

 Locate the tip of the gas sampling pipe to be appropriate for the specific gravity of the gas to be detected. It must also be placed in a location where the target gases are likely to accumulate.

Installing Height

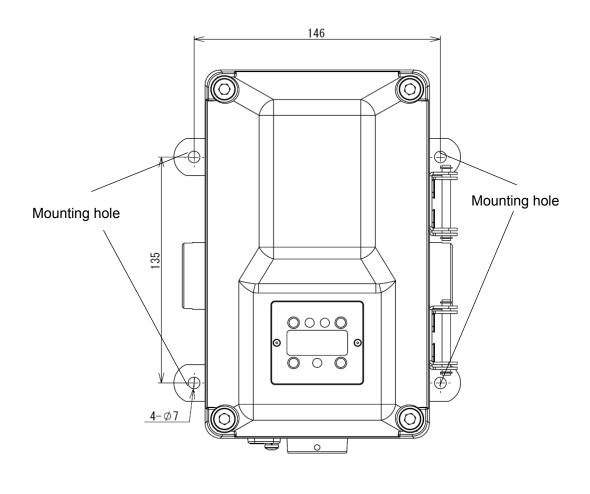
| Type of gas | Installing height | Remarks | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Gas heavier than air (Example: LPG) | A maximum of 10 cm above the floor. (Height to the sensor guard tip) | Keep a space of approximately 7 cm from the sensor guard tip for ease of maintenance and inspection. | |
| Gas almost the same as air in specific gravity (Example: Carbon monoxide) | 75 to 150 cm above the floor. (Height to the sensor guard tip) | Decide the height by considering the specific gravity and mounting environment. | |
| Gas lighter than air (Example: City gas and hydrogen) | Near the ceiling | Decide the height by considering arrangements for ease of maintenance (e.g., a scaffold). | |

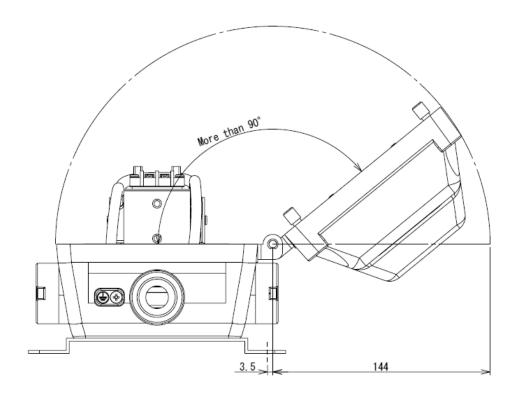
2) Install the gas detector in places where it can be maintained and inspected with ease. Followings are locations where leaked gas may accumulate and appropriate locations for installation of gas detectors.



⚠ CAUTION

- Place the tip of sampling pipe above water level.
- 3) Mount the main unit to the wall with the M6 screws that are provided with the product. It is necessary to open the casing cover at the time of wiring and replacing the sensor. Install the gas detector in places where the cover opening angle can be more than 90 degree. Be sure to install the protective cover (optional) when mounting the main unit outdoors. (Refer to 5-2 Mounting of Options for details of optional products.





5-1. Mounting of Optional items

Protective Cover

Flow checker FC-32

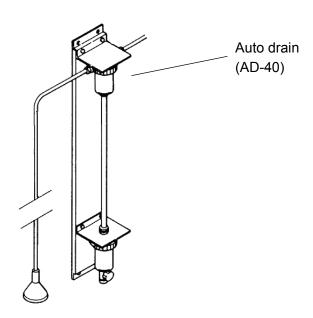
M3 screw

Sampling pipe

Gas collector

⚠ CAUTION

- Secure the casing cover with M3 screws if strong winds are expected.
 - Auto drain AD-40



6. Wiring Method

6-1. Wiring Work

Be sure to provide explosion-proof wiring if the product is to be used in hazardous places.

⚠ WARNING

- The cable entry device and blanking elements shall be of ATEX certified in type of explosion protection flameproof enclosure "d", suitable for the condition of use and correctly installed.
- Unused apertures shall be closed with suitable ATEX certified blanking elements.

♠ CAUTION

- All necessary work for the product including wiring and installation should be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.
- Inspection, maintenance and repair of the equipment should be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.

Special Condition for Safe Use

 ATEX certified cable glands according to EN 60079-0 and EN 60079-1 must be provided by end user and used.

The requirement of ATEX certified cable gland type is

Cable Work

- Use a shielded cable, such as CVV-S with a thickness of 1.25 to 2.00 mm². Lay all cables in protective tubes, such as metal conduits or carbon steel pipes, or other protective structure, such as a metal / concrete duct.
- All joints should be connected with necessary couplings, fittings & etc. in accordance with applicable code of practice.

6-2. Wiring and Connection

∱ WARNING

- Before opening the casing cover of the gas detector, be sure to turn off the product and all devices (e.g., indicator unit and signal converter) connected to the product.
- If the power is turned ON, the power supply may become a source of ignition.
- Be sure to ground the product to prevent electric shocks.

♠ CAUTION

- Wire the connecting terminals correctly.
- Separate connection cables from power lines as far as possible.

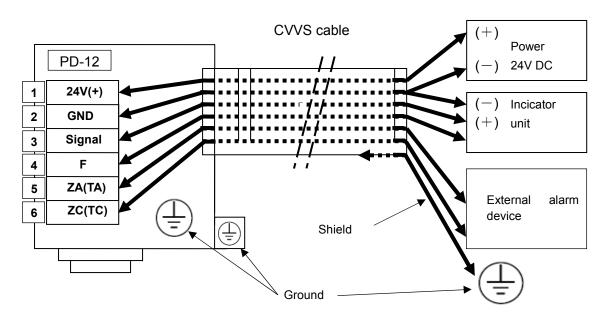
Connecting Power Supply and Signal Wires

- Provide dedicated breakers, if needed, to lines that are connected to peripheral devices, such as indicator units and signal converters.
- Use a dedicated cable, such as CVV-S (with a thickness of 1.25 to 2.00 mm²).
- Make sure that the power supplied to the product is within the specified voltage range.
- Make sure that the load resistance of the signal line, including the resistance of the wire, is 300 ohm or less.

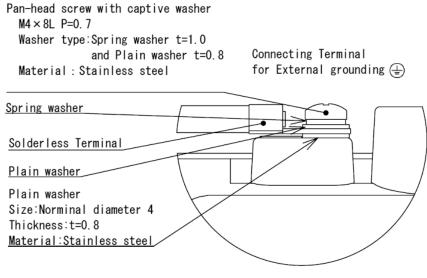
MEMO

• If the main unit is grounded on the power supply side, do not connect a shielded cable to the ground terminal (E) in the gas detector, or otherwise two-point grounding will result.

Connection Example with Power Supply Side Grounded

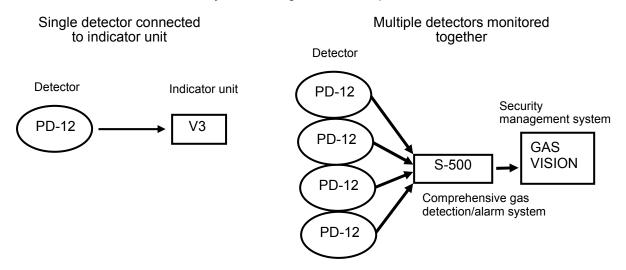


Connection method of external ground



Connection Form Diagram

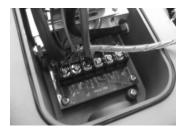
System Configuration Example



• For details, refer to the Instruction Manual of each device.

Typical Connection Procedure

- (1) Prepare a power supply that can provide 24 V DC.(Do not turn on the power supply before wiring the main unit.)
- (2) Loosen the hexagon socket bolts on the four corners of the main unit using the provided hexagon wrench with a nominal diameter of 6 mm, and open the casing cover of the main unit.
- (3) Loosen and remove the screws on the terminal block.
- (4) Connect the positive side of the power supply to the 24 V+ terminal.
- (5) Connect the negative side of the power supply to the GND terminal.



- (6) Check that the power supply cords are securely connected to the terminals. This completes the power supply preparations.
- (7) Wire the analog signal and external contact terminals, if required.
- (8) Tighten the hexagon socket bolts (tightening torque : 0.8 − 2.4 N·m) on the four corners of the main unit and close the casing cover of the main unit.



 When closing the casing cover, make sure that the power supply cord, harness, and O-ring are not caught by the casing cover.

7. Precautions before Use

⚠ CAUTION

 Before turning ON any of the devices (e.g., indicator unit, signal converter) connected to the product, recheck that all of the connections are correct. Make sure that the gas detector and indicator unit or signal converter, in particular, are connected properly.

● In Case of Gas Leakage

riangle DANGER

- Without panicking, check that there is no fire around the product. Do not touch any
 electric switches under any conditions. Sparks from turning electric switches ON or OFF
 may cause ignition.
- Do not open when an explosive atmosphere may be present.

riangle warning

- If there is a gas leak alarm, take the necessary measures specified by your company.
- If a gas leak occurs indoors, open the windows and doors to ventilate the room.
- Check the gas leakage location and promptly take the necessary measures.

8. Display at Start-up (Initial Delay)

CAUTION

- Check that there is no gas around the product before starting the product.
- If the sensor output is not stable, the external contact point may operate after the initial delay. Release the interlock of the external equipment if necessary.
- During the initial delay, the analog signal fixed at 4 mA will be output and the external contact will not operate.

MEMO

- The magnetic stick is not operable during the initial delay.
- The initial delay lasts approximately 30 seconds after the power is turned ON.
- When the power supply is turned ON, all of the indicator lamps (green, red, and yellow (1) lamps) and the display block are lit.



(2) While the indicator lamps (green, red, and yellow lamps) are lit, the following items will be lit for approximately 1 second each.

Software version number (of the main unit)

Example [] ppm Full scale

When the full-scale value is 2000 ppm.

Example [**5[**]] ppm When the alarm set value is 500 ppm. Alarm set value

- Then the POWER indicator (green lamp) will be flashed for approximately 25 seconds. (3)
- (4) When the POWER indicator (green lamp) is lit, the start-up of the main unit is completed and the main unit will be in gas monitor mode.

MEMO

- If the sensor unit has not been turned ON for a long time after the product is shipped from factory, it may take some time for the sensor output to stabilize.
- If needed, turn ON the product for approximately one week, and make the zero adjustment and span adjustment. Refer to 11.3 Calibration Method for the adjustments.

^{*} Make sure that the flow volume of the flow checker is more than 0.5 L/min.

9. Display and Operation in Each Mode

| | | In excess of alarm set value | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| | At start-up (Initial delay) | Gas monitor mode | Test mode | Maintena Gas monitor | nce mode Test mode |
| Contents | Green lamp flashes | Green lamp flashes ON | Green lamp flashes ON | | Red lamp lashes |
| of display | The value according to gas concentration is displayed. The value gradually approaches zero. | Gas concentration is displayed. | [Set concentration] A full-scale test from –10% to 110% is possible. | [Gas concentration] Displayed alternately | [Test value] Displayed alternately |
| Analog signal 4 to 20 mA | Fixed at 4 mA | Gas concentration value is output. | Test value is output | Gas concentration value is output. | Test value is output. |
| Contact operation | Does not operate (OFF). | Operates (ON). | Operates (ON). | Does not operate (OFF). | Does not operate (OFF). |

10. Trouble Alarm

- The product has a self-inspection function, and the trouble alarm will operate if a problem occurs.
- The product will inform the user of the problem details with the display shown in the following table when the trouble alarm operates.
- When the trouble alarm is generated, the analog signal will be approximately 0.9 mA or below.

| Screen display | Trouble indicator | Problem details | Probable cause | Remedy |
|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| E - 24 | Yellow lamp flashes | Power supply voltage drop error | The power supply voltage is low. | Check the power supply voltage. |
| E - E | Yellow lamp flashes | Sensor error | The sensor connector is disconnected or the sensor wire has broken. | Check that the sensor connector is securely connected. If a sensor connector failure or broken wire has possibly occurred, contact your local representative. |
| E - 5 | Lamp is OFF | Zero-point adjustment error | There is gas in the ambient air. | After checking the ambient air, make the zero adjustment again. |
| E - 4 E - 5 | Lamp is OFF | Span adjustment error | The gas concentration applied for adjustment is wrong. | After checking the type and concentration of gas, make a span adjustment again. If the type and concentration of gas is suitable, make span |
| | | | Possible clog or dirty | rough adjustment. Replace filter element of |
| | centration lamp volume error displayed flashes | filter element of FC-32. | FC-32. | |
| are display alternately) | | Possible clog in the sampling pipe. | Clean the clogged pipe. | |

- * The flow trouble alarm is optional function.
- If a screen other than the above is displayed, refer to the *Troubleshooting* section. If the product does not reset to normal operation after taking the measures shown in the table or if the problem is not listed in the table, contact your local representative.
- If the product goes into any unintended mode during adjustment or setting, cease operating the product and contact your local representative..

11. Maintenance Check and Operation Method

11-1. Daily Inspection and Periodical Inspection

• Daily inspections are conducted by the user, while periodical inspections are conducted by your local representative.

| | Frequency | Checking item | Contents of inspection |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Daily inspection | At least once per month | Visual inspection | The status of lamp (green POWER indicator) is lit. The concentration display of the gas concentration indicator. Corrosion of the gas detector. Corrosion of mounting screw. If a failure is found, replace the parts. Confirm the flow volume. Check the flow volume by reading the scale on the flow checker. It is normal if the flow volume is more than 0.5L/min. If the volume is less than 0.5L/min., check the following possible clog and other causes that may decrease the flow volume before replacing the pump for sample draw. Clogged sampling tip / gas collector. Clogged or dirty filter. |

| | Frequency | Checking item | Contents of inspection |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Daily inspection | Minimum intervals of 2 to 3 months | Alarm operation check with real gas | Apply inspection gas to the gas detector and check the operation of the alarm. Remove the upper cup of the flow checker and connect a gas bag as below, and apply inspection gas. Gasbag Upper cup Flow meter To gas detector To gas detector |
| Periodical inspection | At least once per year | Consult your local | representative。 |

Periodical Inspections

In order to maintain the reliability of the gas detection/alarm system, it is extremely important to conduct maintenance and inspections.

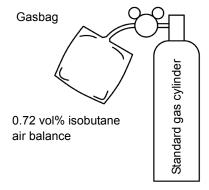
Moreover, it is necessary to use actual gas (combustible gas or poisonous gas), to carefully conduct inspection and calibration. It is highly recommended that you consider periodical inspections under a maintenance contract with your local representative.

11-2. Preparing Calibration Gas

- Calibration gas is used for actual gas inspection.
- The following example shows how to prepare 0.72 vol% (40%LEL) isobutane as a reference gas.

With a standard gas cylinder

.



• Use a urethane gasbag. Leave for about 30 minutes after drawing the gas and bring humidity in the bag close to the ambient condition before use.

With no calibration gas cylinder

 Use the Gas Calibration Kit (optional item) and a pure gas cylinder of isobutane at 99 vol% or more, and dilute the isobutane with air to produce 0.72 vol% (40%LEL) calibration gas.

Memo The calibration gas can be used to check the alarm function. Check the concentration using Gas Detector XP-3110 or a similar device before using the gas for calibration.



 Make sure that there are no flammables nearby when handling flammable gas with a concentration over LEL (lower explosive limit).

(1) Drawing raw gas

Connect a gas bag to an isobutane 99vol% cylinder and draw a little more than you actually need.

Bend back the hose and pinch with a pinch cock so the gas does not leak from the bag.

- (2) Drawing a fixed amount of raw gas Connect a 10ml syringe to a gas bag and draw 7.2ml of raw gas. (Draw a little more than you actually need then discharge the excess.)
- (3) Transferring raw gas into a quantitative pump Connect a syringe to the inlet of a quantitative pump then pull out the pump's piston. Raw gas in the syringe is sucked into the pump. Remove the syringe and pull the piston all the way out (100ml).
- (4) Making diluted gas

Connect an empty gasbag to the outlet of the quantitative pump then push in the pump's piston.

Move the piston back and forth 9 times to add air in order to make diluted gas.

Memo

If you take 7.2ml of raw gas and move the quantitative pump's piston back and forth 10 times (a back-and-force motion: 100ml).

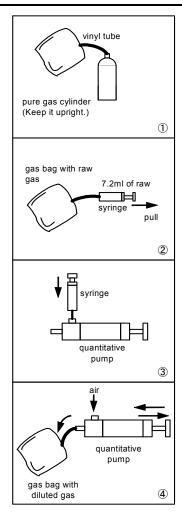
7.2ml/(100ml×10)=0.0072

0.72vol% diluted gas is made.

Isobutane's lower explosive limit (LEL) is 1.8vol%.

0.72/1.8×100=40.0

40%LEL diluted gas is made.



11-3. Calibration Method

Maintenance Mode

⚠ CAUTION

- While in maintenance mode, the external contact does not operate when the concentration of gas reaches or exceeds the alarm set value. The product in maintenance mode maintains the current status while the display shows [_ _ _ _ _]. This mode is canceled by repeating the same operation(1 to 4), turning the product OFF, or waiting 8 hours.
- 1) While in gas monitor mode, press the MODE switch of the main unit first. Then press the UP switch with the magnetic stick within approximately 2 seconds.
- 2) The main unit displays **LAL** first, followed by (The product is ready to work but nothing has been operated.)
- 3) Press the UP or DOWN switch of the main unit with the magnetic stick and adjust the value to \mathbf{L} .
- 4) Press the ENTER switch of the main unit.



Gas concentration

- (5) When the above items are displayed alternately, the product has been set to maintenance mode.
- (6) Upon completion of this mode, the product will automatically return to gas monitor mode.
- (7) While **— —** is displayed, the maintenance mode is being executed.
- (8) This mode will be canceled by repeating the same operation (1 to 4 above), turning the product OFF, or waiting for 8 hours.

Carefully handle and make settings with the magnetic stick because the magnet is very powerful. For details, refer to 3. Contents of Package.

Zero Adjustment

• The external contact may operate. Therefore, set the product to maintenance mode if needed.

MEMO

Conduct the zero adjustment in a place where there is no ambient gas.

- 1) While in gas monitor mode, press the MODE switch of the main unit first. Then press the UP switch with the magnetic stick within approximately 2 seconds.
- 2) The main unit displays **L.A.L.** first, followed by **.....** (The product is ready to work but nothing has been operated.)



- 3) Press the UP or DOWN switch of the main unit with the magnetic stick and adjust the value to
- 4) Press the ENTER switch of the main unit.
- 5) After pressing the ENTER,



When the above items are displayed, the zero adjustment is completed.

- 6) Upon completion of the zero adjustment, the product will automatically return to gas monitor mode.
 - If an error is displayed, refer to 10. Trouble Alarm.
 - Carefully handle and make settings with the magnetic stick because the magnet is very powerful. For details, refer to 3. Contents of Package.

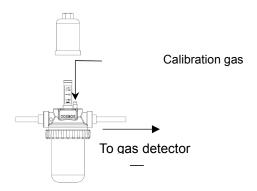
Span Fine-tuning

MEMO

Be sure to conduct the zero adjustment before performing span fine-tuning.

riangle CAUTION

- The external contact may operate during span fine-tuning. Set the product to maintenance mode or release the interlocks of the external devices if needed before performing span fine-tuning.
- Only your local representative's maintenance service members or personnel who have completed a maintenance seminar can perform fine-tuning.
- 1) Apply calibration gas corresponding to the equipment.



- 2) Sufficiently stabilize the gas.
- 3) While in gas monitor mode, press the MODE switch of the main unit first. Then press the UP switch with the magnetic stick within approximately 2 seconds.
- 4) The main unit displays **LRL** first, followed by (The product has completed starting but nothing has been operated.)
- 5) Example: After zero adjustment, ••• will be displayed.
- 6) Press the UP or DOWN switch of the main unit with the magnetic stick and adjust the value to
- 7) Press the ENTER switch of the main unit.
- 8) The main unit displays **5.** first, followed by the present gas concentration.
- 9) Press the UP or DOWN switch of the main unit with the magnetic stick, and adjust the display of the main unit to the actual span gas concentration.
- 10) Press the ENTER switch.
- 11) The span fine-tuning is completed when **Land** is displayed.
- 12) Upon completion of the span fine-tuning, the product will automatically return to gas monitor mode.
- 13) Remove the gasbag.
 - ullet Perform span rough adjustment if $m{\it E}$ $m{\it Y}$ or $m{\it E}$ $m{\it S}$ is displayed.

- If an error is displayed, refer to 10. Trouble Alarm.
- Carefully handle and make settings with the magnetic stick because the magnet is very powerful. For details, refer to 3. Contents of Package.

Span Rough Adjustment

• Perform span rough adjustment if **E** - **Y** or **E** - **5** is displayed.

riangle CAUTION

- The external contact may operate during span rough adjustment.
 Before performing span rough adjustment, set the product to maintenance mode or release the interlocks of the external devices if needed.
- Only your local representative's maintenance service members or personnel who have completed a maintenance seminar can perform span rough adjustment.
- 1) Apply calibration gas corresponding to the equipment.
- 2) Sufficiently stabilize the gas.
- 3) While in gas monitor mode, press the MODE switch of the main unit first. Then press the UP switch with the magnetic stick within approximately 2 seconds.
- 4) The main unit displays **L.A.L.** first, and displays (The product is ready to work but nothing has been operated.) Example: After zero adjustment, will be displayed.
- 5) Press the UP or DOWN switch of the main unit with the magnetic stick and adjust the value to 1.00.
- 6) Press the ENTER switch of the main unit.
- 7) The main unit displays **5**... first, and displays the present gas concentration.
- 8) Press the UP or DOWN switch of the main unit with the magnetic stick, and adjust the display of the main unit close to the actual span gas concentration.
- 9) Press the ENTER switch.
- 10) The span rough adjustment is completed when **Lood** is displayed.
- 11) On completion of the span rough adjustment, the product will automatically return to gas monitor mode.
- 12) Remove the gasbag.

MEMO

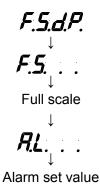
Precise adjustment is not performed only by span rough adjustment. Perform span fine-tuning after span rough adjustment.

- If an error is displayed, refer to 10. Trouble Alarm.
- Carefully handle and make settings with the magnetic stick because the magnet is very powerful. For details, refer to 3. Contents of Package.

Full-scale and Alarm Set Value Display

- The full-scale and alarm set values are only displayed. They cannot be changed.
- 1) While in gas monitor mode, press the MODE switch of the main unit first. Then press the UP switch with the magnetic stick within approximately 2 seconds.
- 2) The main unit displays **L.R.L.** first, and displays . . . **(**The product is ready to work but nothing has been operated.) Example: After zero adjustment, . . . **(** will be displayed.
- 4) Press the ENTER switch of the main unit.





- 5) When the above items are displayed in sequence and repeatedly, the user can check the full-scale and alarm set values.
- 6) After the full-scale and alarm set values are displayed, the product will automatically return to gas monitor mode.
 - Carefully handle and make settings with the magnetic stick because the magnet is very powerful. For details, refer to 3. Contents of Package.

Test Mode

• Test values are adjusted and used for tests in this mode.

♠ CAUTION

- The external contact may operate while the product is in test mode.
 Before setting the product to test mode, set the product to maintenance mode or release the interlocks of the external devices if needed.
- 1) While in gas monitor mode, press the MODE switch of the main unit first. Then press the UP switch with the magnetic stick within approximately 2 seconds.
- 2) The main unit displays **[AL]** first, and displays (The product is ready to work but nothing has been operated.) Example: After zero adjustment, will be displayed.
- 3) Press the UP or DOWN switch of the main unit with the magnetic stick and adjust the value to



4) Press the ENTER switch of the main unit.



Test value

- 5) When the above items are displayed, the test operation of the product in a concentration range from –10% to 110% of the full scale is possible.
 - The test operation of the product is possible in a concentration range from –200 to 2200 ppm if the full scale of the product is 2000 ppm.
 - The test operation of the product is possible in a concentration range from –10%LEL to 110%LEL if the full scale of the product is 100%LEL.
- 6) Press the UP or DOWN switch of the main unit and set the desired concentration for the test. Then the test will start.
 - If the setting is outside the operating range, **LLLL** or **HHHH** will be displayed.
- 7) To guit the test mode, press the ENTER or MODE switch.
- 8) When the test is finished with the ENTER switch pressed, the tested value will be saved. When the test is finished with the MODE switch, the previously saved value will remain.
 - Carefully handle and make settings with the magnetic stick because the magnet is very powerful. For details, refer to 3. Contents of Package.

11-4. Replacement of Sensor Unit

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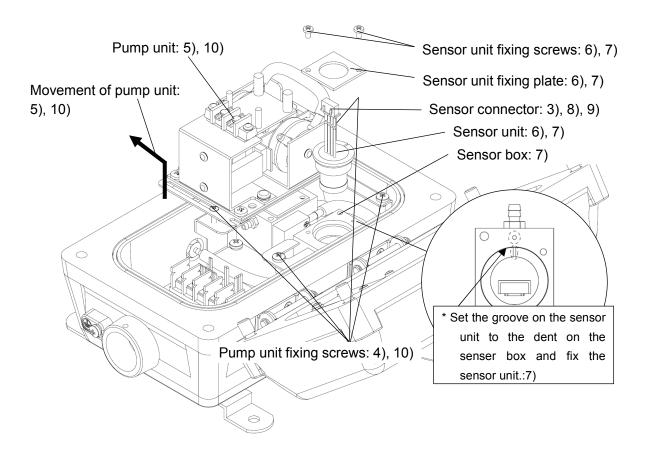
WARNING

- Do not open when energized.
- Do not open when an explosive atmosphere may be present.
- Be sure to turn OFF the indicator unit or signal converter before replacing a sensor unit. Otherwise, they may become a source of ignition.
- Do not damage the surface of the joints of detector enclosure, or the explosion proof performance of the detector may be adversely affected.

\bigwedge

CAUTION

- It may be necessary to rewrite the setting data of the detector according to the sensor to be replaced. Only your local representative's maintenance service members or personnel who have completed a maintenance seminar can replace the sensor unit.
- Be sure to handle the sensor unit with care. Do not drop or throw the sensor unit. Otherwise, the sensor wire may be disconnected or a sensor may be damaged.
- The external contact may operate when replacing the sensor unit if the sensor output is not stable. Release the interlocks of the external devices if needed.
- When removing or mounting the sensor unit, do not twist the harness of the sensor connector.
- When closing the casing cover, make sure that the power supply cord, harness, or O-ring
 is not caught by the casing cover.



- 1) Turn OFF the power supply connected to the product.
- 2) Loosen the bolt with a hexagon socket on each of the four corners of the main unit with the provided hexagon wrench with a nominal diameter of 6 mm, and open the casing cover of the main unit.(See "4-1. Main unit")
- 3) Disconnect the sensor connector.
- 4) Loosen the 4 pump unit fixing screws.
- 5) Pull the pump unit and slide it to left.
- 6) Remove 2 sensor fixing screws and remove sensor unit fixing plate and sensor unit.
- 7) Fix new sensor unit and sensor unit fixing plate and tighten the screws removed.
 - * Set the groove on the sensor unit to the dent of the sensor box when fixing the sensor unit.
- 8) Connect the sensor connector to the sensor.
- 9) Check that the sensor connector is connected securely.
- 10) Place the pump unit where it was and fix it with the screws.
- 11) Tighten the bolt with a hexagon socket on each of the four corners of the main unit with the provided hexagon wrench with a nominal diameter of 6 mm, and close the casing cover of the main unit. (See "4-1. Main unit")
- 12) Turn ON the power supply connected to the product.
- 13) When the sensor unit has been replaced, it is necessary to make zero adjustment and span adjustment after keeping the product turned ON for approximately one week to stabilize the sensor output.
- 14) Be sure to make zero adjustment first, followed by span adjustment.
- 15) If an error is displayed, refer to 10. Trouble Alarm.

MEMO

- It is possible to replace the sensor unit without removing tube connected to the pump unit.
- Return the used sensor unit to your local representative.

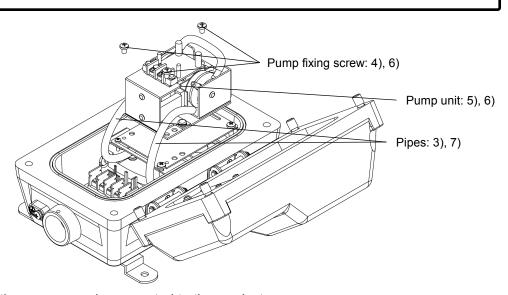
11-5. Replacement of Pump Unit

⚠ WARNING

- Do not open when energized.
- Do not open when an explosive atmosphere may be present.
- Be sure to turn OFF the indicator unit or signal converter before replacing a sensor unit. Otherwise, they may become a source of ignition.
- Do not damage the surface of the joints of detector enclosure, or the explosion proof performance of the detector may be adversely affected.

♠ CAUTION

• After replacing the pump unit, make sure that all of the wirings and piping connections are correctly connected.



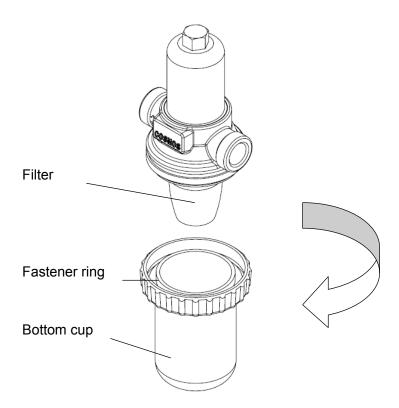
- 1) Turn OFF the power supply connected to the product.
- 2) Loosen the bolt with a hexagon socket on each of the four corners of the main unit with the provided hexagon wrench with a nominal diameter of 6 mm, and open the casing cover of the main unit.(See "4-1. Main unit")
- 3) Disconnect the 2 pipes connected to the pump unit.
- 4) Loosen the 3 pump unit fixing screws.
- 5) Remove the pump unit.
- 6) Fix a new pump unit with 3 pump unit fixing screws.
- 7) Connect the 2 pips to the pump unit.

- 8) Tighten the bolt with a hexagon socket on each of the four corners of the main unit with the provided hexagon wrench with a nominal diameter of 6 mm, and close the casing cover of the main unit. (See "4-1. Main unit")
- 9) Turn ON the power supply connected to the detector.
- 10) Check the sample air flow rate with the filter with flow checker (FC-32) and confirm that the flow is more than 0.5 liter /min.

11-6. Replacement of Filter with Flow Checker (FC-32)

Filter should be clogged if the flow rate returns to normal value (0.5 liter / min.) when the filter in the flow checker is removed. Please replace the filter when it is necessary.

- 1) Remove the bottom cup of the flow checker after loosening fastener ring.
- 2) Pull the filter downward and remove it.
- 3) Put a new filter and fix it as it was.
- 4) Confirm that the flow rate of the flow checker is more than 0.5 liter / min.



12. Troubleshooting

- Before requesting repairs, refer to the following table. Consult your New Cosmos representative if the product does not return to normal after taking the corresponding remedies shown below or if the defective condition is not found in the table.
- If the product goes into an unintended mode at the adjustment or setting stage, stop operating the product immediately and consult the system administrator.

| Defective condition | Probable cause | Remedy | Reference page | |
|--|--|---|---|--|
| The green power lamp is not lit. | Incorrect wiring connection. | Check and redo the wiring. | P. 14 Wiring and Connection | |
| | E-24 Low-voltage state | Check the power supply voltage. | | |
| | E - 8 E - 9 | Check that the sensor connector is connected securely. | | |
| The yellow lamp to indicate an error is flashed and the error code is displayed. | The sensor unit is defective, the connector is disconnected, or the sensor wires are broken. | If there is a possibility that the sensor is defective or sensor wires are broken, contact your local representative. | P. 14 Wiring and Connection | |
| | Clogged gas inlet, sampling pipe or filter. | Check that a possibility of clogged gas inlet, sampling pipe and filter. | P. 34 Replacement of Filter with Flow Checker | |
| The detected gas concentration and are flashing alternately. | The product is in maintenance mode. | Return the product to gas monitor mode. | P. 25 Maintenance Mode | |
| | The product is in maintenance mode. | Return the product to gas monitor mode. | P. 25 Maintenance mode | |
| There is no alarm contact output. | Incorrect wiring connection. | Check and reconnect the wiring. | P. 14 Wiring and Connection | |
| | The alarm point setting is wrong. | Check the alarm setting. | P. 29 Full-scale and Alarm Set Display | |
| The analog signal does not change | The product is in test mode. | Return the product to gas monitor mode | P. 30 Test mode | |
| A value and HHHH are flashing alternately. | The sensor output is high. | The concentration of gas is in excess of the full scale. Check the ambient environment. | | |

| A value and LLL are flashing alternately. | The sensor output is low. | Conduct zero adjustment after checking that the air around the product is not contaminated with gas. | P. 26 Zero adjustment |
|--|--|--|---|
| No adjustment or setting is possible. | The product is operated during the initial delay time. | Operate the product after the 30-second initial delay time. | P. 18 Display at Start-up (Initial Delay) |

 $[\]divideontimes$ The flow trouble indication is optional function.

Specifications

| PD-12 | | |
|---|--|--|
| N T N T N T N T N T N T N T N T N T N T | | |
| PD-12A: Hot wire semiconductor sensor PD-12B: Catalytic combustion sensor PD-12C: Thermal conductivity sensor | | |
| Extractive | | |
| Depends on the specifications. | | |
| Depends on the specifications. | | |
| Four-digit digital LED display | | |
| | | |
| Depends on the specifications. | | |
| Combustible gas: ±25% of alarm set value under identical conditions. Toxic gas: ±30% of alarm set value under identical conditions. | | |
| Combustible gas: Within 30 seconds with gas concentration that is 1.6 times as high as the level of alarm set concentration. Toxic gas: Within 60 seconds with gas concentration that is 1.6 times as high as the level of alarm set concentration. | | |
| Gas alarm (one stage only): Red LED lamp flashes Trouble alarm (sensor disconnection, sensor zero drop, Flow decrease (It's optional function), power supply voltage error, or internal EEPROM communication error): Yellow LED lamp flashes | | |
| Gas concentration analog signal | | |
| • 4 to 20 mA DC (common to the negative side of power supply) | | |
| • 0.9 mA DC or less at the time of Trouble alarm. | | |
| Make sure that the load resistance of the analog signal is less than 300 ohm including the wiring resistance. | | |
| When flow decrease (It's optional function.) | | |
| •Flow decrease alarm when the flow rate is less than 0.3 liter / min. | | |
| No contact output (Open collector) non-latching | | |
| Normally ON, when trouble OFF, when no power OFF (Max. rating : 30V DC 30mA) | | |
| External alarm output (standard) or external trouble output | | |
| External alarm output (1 stage only) | | |
| 1a no-voltage contact output/Non-latching | | |
| Rated load: 0.5 A at 250 VAC or 0.5 A at 30 VDC (resistance load) | | |
| External trouble output | | |
| 1a no-voltage contact output/Non-latching | | |
| Rated load: 0.5 A at 250 VAC or 0.5 A at 30 VDC (resistance load) | | |
| II 2G Ex d II B+H2 T4 Gb (Europe) | | |
| EC-type examination certificate : Certificate Number TÜV 10 ATEX 7876 X (EX II 2G Ex d II B+H2 T4 Gb) | | |
| CE number : 0518 | | |
| EMC : EN61000-6-4:2007, EN61000-6-2:2005,EN50270:2006 | | |
| IP65 (interior) | | |
| Cable outer diameter 10.5 to 14.5 mm | | |
| In case of a 6-conductor cable (for power supply, gas concentration analog signal, flow decrease, and gas alarm or trouble alarm contact): CVV-S 1.25 mm² or 2.0 mm² | | |
| | | |

| Operating temperature and humidity ranges | Temperature: -10°C to 50°C Humidity 10% to 90% (0 to 50°C). (No radical temperature or humidity changes and no condensation) |
|---|--|
| Power supply | 24 VDC (18 to 30 VDC) |
| Size | 133 (W) x 229 (H) x 132 (D) mm (excluding protruding parts) |
| Power consumption | 11 W max. |
| Weight | Approx. 5.2 kg |
| Mounting method | Wall mounting |

The above specifications are subject to change without notice.

If your specifications are nonstandard, refer to the delivery specifications.

14. Warranty

New Cosmos Electric Company Limited (New Cosmos) offers the following as the sole and exclusive limited warranty available to the customer.

This warranty is in lieu of, and customer waives, all other warranties of any kind or nature, expressed or implied, including without limitation, any warranty for merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. The remedies set forth herein are exclusive.

New Cosmos warrants to the original purchaser and no other person or entity (the customer) that the gas detection product supplied by New Cosmos shall be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from the date of purchase. This warranty does not include consumables, such as fuses, filters, etc. Certain other accessories not specifically listed here may have different warranty periods.

After examination of an allegedly defective product returned to New Cosmos, with freight prepaid, should the product fail to conform to this warranty, the customer's only remedy and New Cosmos's only obligation shall be, at New Cosmos's sole option, replacement or repair of such non-conforming product or refund of the original purchase price of the non-conforming product. In no event will New Cosmos be liable for any other special, incidental or consequential damages or losses of any kind whatsoever, including but not limited to, loss of anticipated profits and any other loss caused by reason of non-operation of the product.

This warranty is valid only if the product is maintained and used in accordance with New Cosmos's instructions and/or recommendations. New Cosmos shall be released from all obligations under this warranty in the event repairs or modifications are made by persons other than its own or authorized service personnel or if the warranty claim results from physical abuse or misuse of the product.

15. Life Expectancy

- The period of designed life expectancy of the product under standard environmental conditions is approximately five years after the date of purchase.
 - The period of designed life expectancy after the expiration of the warranty period is a rough standard on the condition that the product is used with specified gas calibration performed. New Cosmos, however, does not guarantee the specified period of designed life expectancy. The product may become unusable before the next calibration is performed.
- The life of the hot wire semiconductor-type sensor incorporated in the PD-12A is approximately five years after the date of purchase.
 The sensor may not detect gas correctly with the lapse of approximately five years.
 - Replace the sensor at intervals of approximately five years. The life of the sensor is specified on the condition that the sensor is serviced properly and that the sensor is not exposed to high-density gas or toxic gas. New Cosmos, however, does not guarantee the specified life of the sensor.
- The life of the catalytic combustion-type sensor incorporated in the PD-12B is approximately three years after the date of purchase.
 The sensor may not detect gas correctly with the lapse of approximately three years.
 Replace the sensor at intervals of approximately three years. The life of the sensor is specified on the condition that the sensor is serviced properly and that the sensor is not exposed to high-density gas or toxic gas. New Cosmos, however, does not guarantee the specified life of the sensor.
- The life of the thermal conductivity sensor incorporated in the PD-12C is approximately five years after the date of purchase.
 - The sensor may not detect gas correctly with the lapse of approximately five years. Replace the sensor at intervals of approximately five years. The life of the sensor is specified on the condition that the sensor is serviced properly and that the sensor is not exposed to high-density gas or toxic gas. New Cosmos, however, does not guarantee the specified life of the sensor.

16. Detection Principle

16-1. Catalytic Combustion

• Catalytic combustion occurs on the catalyst even at a gas concentration below the lower limit of combustion due to the operation of the catalyst applied to the platinum coil. The electrical resistance of the platinum coil increases because of the rise in the temperature at this point. This difference is extracted as deviation voltage in the bridge circuit.

Detection of combustible gases is possible up to the lower explosion limit (LEL).

16-2. Hot Wire Semiconductor

 When a metal-oxide semiconductor heated by a platinum coil adsorbs an electron-donating gas, such as a combustible gas, its electron concentration increases and the thermal conductivity of the semiconductor improves. As a result, the temperature of the semiconductor falls and the resistance of the platinum wire reduces. This difference is extracted as deviation voltage in the bridge circuit.

The feature of this sensor is its extreme sensitivity at low temperatures, which makes it suitable for sensitive detection.

16-3. Thermal Conductivity

•As compared to when only air is present around the sensor, the heat dissipation state of the detection piece (heated to around 150°C) to which an inert substance is applied and sintered on a platinum wire varies with the increase or decrease in the thermal conductivity of the gas, and the temperature of the detection piece changes. This difference is almost proportional to the gas concentration, and therefore, the difference in the resistance of the platinum wire can be extracted as deviation voltage of the bridge circuit.

Although only gases whose thermal conductivity is different from air can be measured, it is possible to detect high-concentration gases between 0% and 100% by volume.

17. Glossary

Indicator / Alarm unit: A unit that receives signals from the gas detector and indicates gas

concentration and alarms.

Detector: A unit that detects gas concentration and converts it to electric signals.

Backup power source device: A device that supplies power to the gas detector, indicator /

alarm unit in order to maintain its performance during a power failure.

Flow meter: A meter to measure air flow in gas sampling pipe.

Gas collector: A gas collecting probe that enhances gas collection efficiency and

blocks water and dust.

Diffusion type: A method to detect gas by utilizing convection and diffusion of gas.

Explosion proof construction: A totally enclosed structure. When an explosive gas explodes

in a container, the container can resist the pressure and prevent the

ignition of explosive gases outside of it.

Preset alarm value: A preset value for the alarm to go off when gas concentration reaches a

certain value.

Gas to be detected: Gas that is detected and indicated which sets off an alarm.

Detection range: Range of gas's concentration that can be indicated and set off an

alarm.

Alarm accuracy: Difference between the preset alarm value and gas concentration when

an alarm actually occurs or as the percentage of the difference

compared to the preset alarm value.

Response time: Time it takes from when the gas detector is exposed to a gas with a

concentration higher (lower) than the preset alarm value until an alarm

goes off.

Temperature range: Range of temperature where the equipment can perform its functions.

Maintenance and inspections: Work to guarantee that the equipment perform its required

functions.

Calibration gas: Gas used to calibrate scales of the equipment.

Peak hold: A function to constantly update and hold the peak value of input signals.

Hazardous area: An area in a plant or facility with a hazardous atmosphere where

explosive gases may mix with air and explode or start a fire. An area

where gas may be present.

Non hazardous area: An area where electric equipment that has no potential to create a

hazardous atmosphere.

Hazardous atmosphere: Atmosphere within the explosive limit where explosive gas and air are

mixed.

LEL: Lower Explosive Limit. The lowest concentration of flammable gas that

will explode when mixed with air and ignited.

(Quoted from gas detection terms and detector tube gas meter terms used by the <u>Industrial Gas</u> Detector Alarm Association.)

MEMO

Manual Revision History

| Edition No. | Date | Revisions |
|-------------|------------|-----------|
| GAE-037-00 | June 2011 | 00 |
| GAE-037-01 | March 2012 | 01 |
| GAE-037-02 | May 2013 | 02 |
| | | |

Additional copies of this Instruction Manual are available. Contact the following address for ordering information.

Distributor: Manufacturer:

New Cosmos Electric Co., Ltd. 2-5-4 Mitsuya-naka Yodogawa-ku Osaka 532-0036, Japan Phone 81-6-6309-1505 Fax 81-6-6308-0371 Email e-info@new-cosmos.co.jp

http://www.new-cosmos.co.jp